MATERIAL	USE IN ELECTRONICS	AMOUNT USED	POTENTIAL RECOVERY VALUE (HIGH/LOW)	MATERIAL AVAILABILITY CONSIDERATIONS (Y/N)	ELECTRONICS USE DOMINANT (Y/N)	RESPONSIBLE MATERIAL EXTRACTION (Y/N)	Toxicology issues	REPORTABLE (Y/N)	CIRCULARITY PATHWAY- "4Rs": 1&2 Reuse [product, component], 3 Refurbish, 4 Recycle	SOLUTION/TECHNOLOGY DESCRIPTION TO ACHIEVE 4Rs	4 Rs TRL: TODAY -2023	4 Rs TRL: 3 YEARS -2026	4 Rs TRL: 5 YEARS -2028	4 Rs TRL: 10 YEARS -2033
										Reduce waste through additive processes	7	8	8	9
Epoxy resins	l aminate dielectric material	High	Low	Ν	Ν	Ν	v	N		Grind & recover metal, burn or repurpose resin	8	8	8	8
		T IIBII	LOW	N	N	N				Replace with bio-degradable resin	1	3	5	6
										Solutions to extract and reuse the epoxies	1	3	5	6
									Reduce	Improved consumption control (e.g. with lower concentrations)	9	9	9	9
Sulphuric acid	Cu plating and micro-etchants (Cu)	High	Low	Y	Ν	N	Y	N	Reuse	Repurposed for other industrial applications	9	9	9	9
										Waste treatment + disposal	9	9	9	9
									Reduce	More efficient use (including reuse in- process)	9	9	9	9
Hydrochloric acid	Used in etchants (Cu)	High	Low	Y	Ν	N	Y	N	Reuse	Repurposed for other industrial applications	8	8	9	9
										Waste treatment + disposal	9	9	9	9
Hydrogen peroxide	Used in micro-etchants or etchants (Cu)	Medium	Low	Y	N	N	Y	N	Reuse	Reused & recycled in-process	9	9	9	9
										Waste treatment + disposal	9	9	9	9
									Reduce	Waste treatment + disposal	9	9	9	9
Sodium persulphate	Used in micro-etchants (Cu)	Medium	Low	Y	N	N	Y	N	Eliminate	Phase out use, with the aid of substitutes (e.g. alternative sulphates, blended cleaners)	7	7	8	9
									Reduce	Waste treatment + disposal	9	9	9	9
Formaldehyde	Reducing agent for electroless Cu	Low	Low	Y	N	N	Y	N	Eliminate	Phase out use, with the aid of alternative processes (e.g. direct metalization, sputtering)	7	7	8	9
Boric acid	Used in nickel plating baths	Medium	Low	Y	N	N	Y	N		Waste treatment + disposal	9	9	9	9
Cyanides		Medium							Reduce	Waste treatment + disposal	9	9	9	9
	Electroplating Au and Ag		Low	Y	N	N	Y	N	Eliminate	Replacement of Au and Ag	6	7	8	9
Amines	Resist stripping solutions and substrates conditioners	Medium	Low	Y	N	N	Y	N		Reused & recycled in-process	9	9	9	9
										Waste treatment + disposal	9	9	9	9
Ammonium solution	Etchant and for plating electroless Ni	Medium	Low	Y	N	N	Y	N		Reused & recycled in-process	9	9	9	9
										Waste treatment + disposal	9	9	9	9
										Replacement by ferric cloride or similar, removal of the tin layers	5	7	9	9

[1] Ron Shinn, "Extracting Polymers from Electronics", *Plastics Recycling*, Summer 2021.

(Table Key on page 2.)

Table Key

In-table color key	Range of Technology Readiness Levels	Description			
2	TRL: 1 to 4	Levels involving research			
6	TRL: 5 to 7	Levels involving development	nt		
9	TRL: 8 to 9	Levels involving deployment	t		

Spreadsheet column category	Explanation
Use in electronics	Applications of the named material
Amount used	Is the quantity of material used significant in absolute terms?
Potential recovery value (high/low)	If extracted through processes like recycling, does the quantity of material have significant commercial value?
Material availability considerations (y/n)	Is the primary extraction of the material confined to a limited number of regions globally?
Electronics use dominant (y/n)	Is the electronics industry the major user of the material or do other industries have a bigger share?
Responsible material extraction (y/n)	Are there issues around the primary extraction (e.g. mining, refining, etc.) of the material?
Reportable (y/n)	Are there legal requirements to report the use of the materials, for toxicological/environmental reasons?

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